



Engineering network architectures fit for regulatory purposes: decentralised data governance

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<http://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/collectiveawareness>

Internet: research vs. policy

mainstream research on communication networks (5G):

- **bandwidth, access, interoperability**

most debated policy/regulatory issues :

- **The role of Platforms: concentration of power, level playing field, responsibilities**
- **Big data aggregation for the DSM: clear legal framework, privacy and ownership of data, digital sovereignty**

asymmetry in data governance

The 'culprit' is the extremely centralised architecture of the dominant data platforms – which results in:

- **unparalleled new public services from big companies**
- **extraordinary revenues (for big companies)**
- **unprecedented risk for privacy leaks**
- **uncompetitive advantage and high barriers for new entrants, stifling innovation**

network effects: can architectures come to the rescue?

*Vision: a **distributed architecture** where each piece of user-generated information remains under the full control of the user who generated it*

- on personal data spaces at local level
- subject to on-demand aggregation by third parties

*enabling **decentralised data governance***

Can we build it?

technologies already exist:

- **P2P networks (robust distributed architecture)**
- **blockchains and other distributed ledgers (decentralised certification and security of transactions)**
- **Linked data, open data**

to be generalised to clouds, social networks and IoT

with robust standards

the goal: creating a decentralised innovation ecosystem

- **Open to new entrants and open innovation: innovative, participatory, privacy-by-design business models**
- **Open to new services: allowing more SMEs and social enterprises to implement social innovation**
for collaborative public services, collaborative economy, collaborative making, participatory consumption, environmental action, innovative approaches to open policy making and open democracy, ...

Areas of **Digital Social Innovation** activities



EC Study on **Digital Social Innovation in Europe**

Crowdmapping actors and networks: <http://digitalsocial.eu/>

What is DG CONNECT doing in Digital Social Innovation?

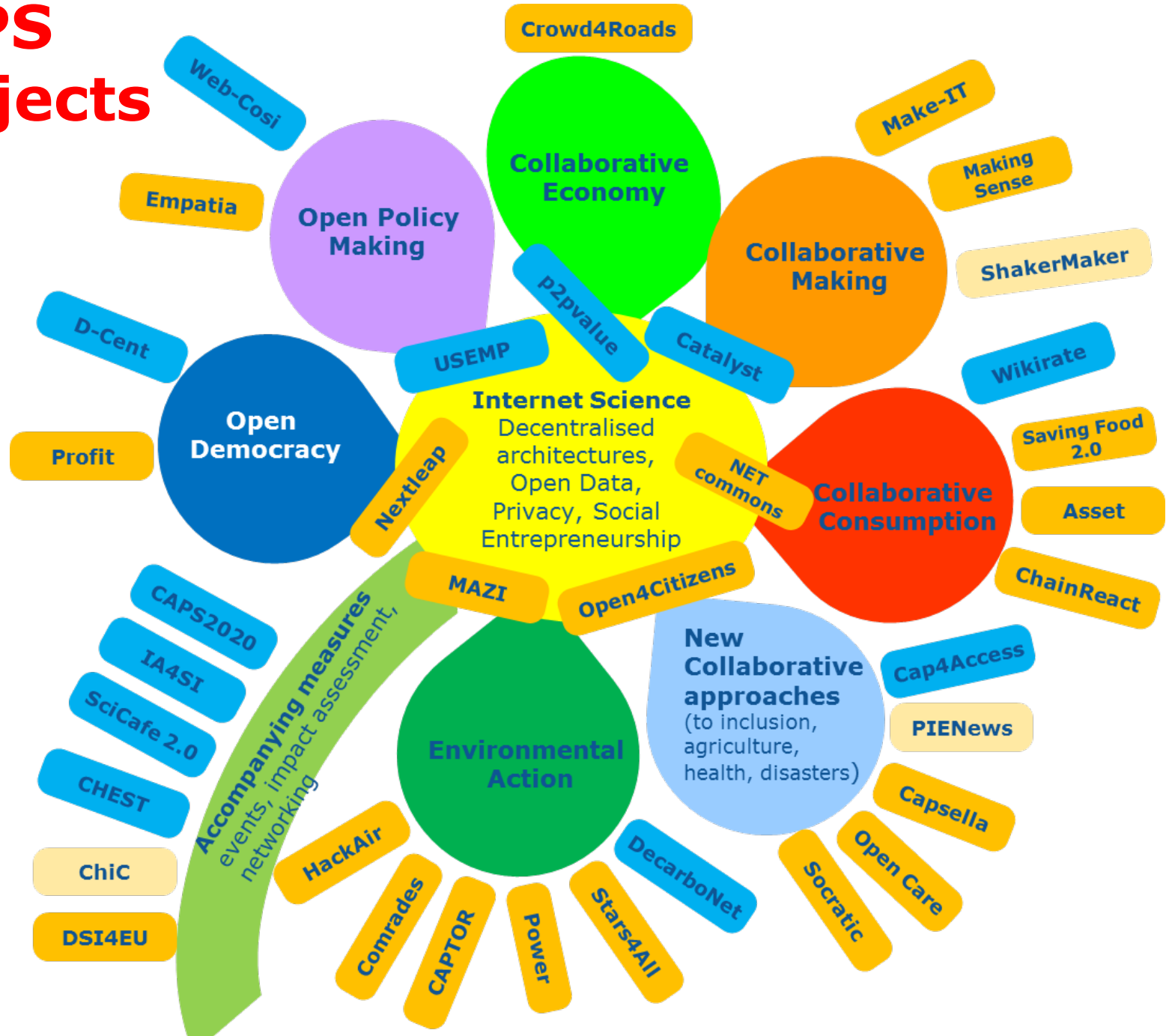
Call ICT-11: Pilots of Collective Awareness Platforms (CAPS)

- **Demonstrating new forms of bottom-up innovation and social collaboration based on open data, open knowledge, open source software and open hardware**
- **Building on 36 running projects**

Call ICT-12b: Distributed architectures for decentralized data governance

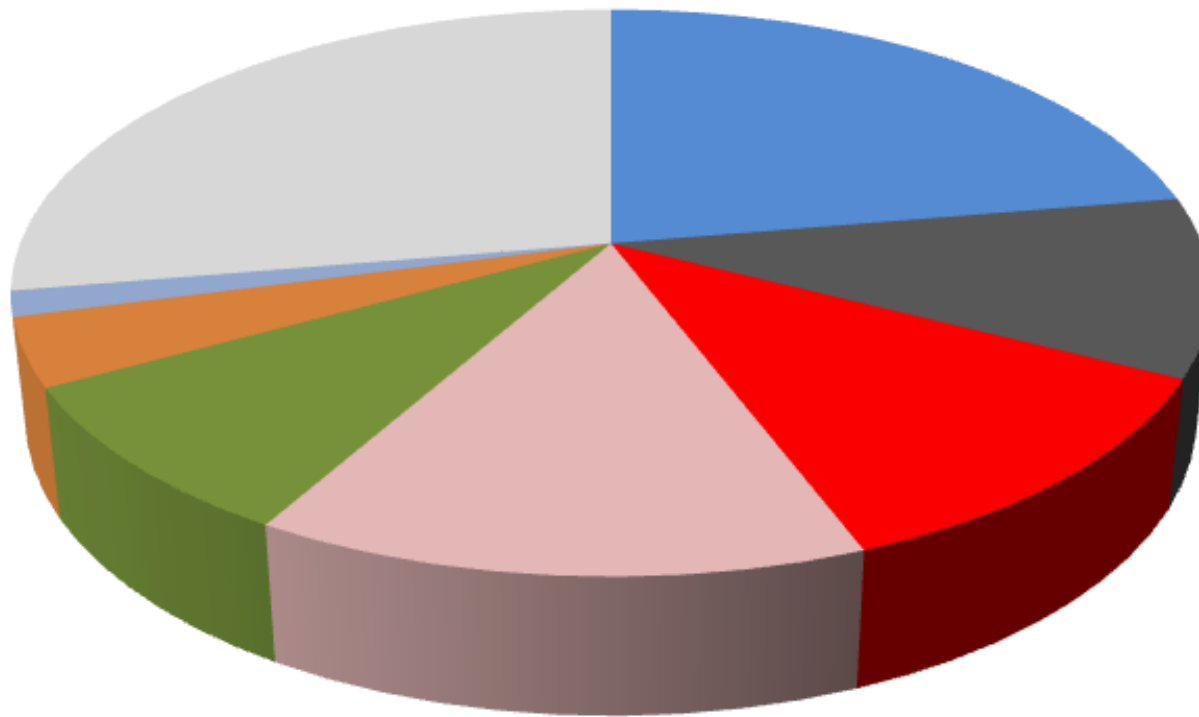
- **Demonstrating a distributed open hardware and software platform supporting decentralised data and identity management and bottom-up participatory innovation**

CAPS projects





multidisciplinarity



- ICT
- economics
- arts/media
- social sciences
- life sciences
- physics/maths
- interdisciplinary
- others/unknown

ICT-12b

- Demonstrating a distributed platform (for communications, cloud computing or IoT) supporting decentralised data and identity management, e.g. using decentralised algorithms based on blockchains
- Involving
 - **technological actors** (P2P and open source developers, open hardware manufacturers, experts in security, encryption, anonymity, blockchains and linked data)
 - **civil society** organisations (citizens' organisations, digital rights advocacies, artists, social scientists)
 - **developers** of the overlying social applications and systems (creative industries, SMEs, social entrepreneurs, software developers)
- Creating robust **open standards**



Good to know

ICT-12/b-2016 (decentralised data governance)

✓ **Submission deadline:** 12 April 2016

✓ **Budget:** 5 M€

ICT-11-2017 (caps)

✓ **Submission deadline:** 25 April 2017

✓ **Budget:** 10 M€

Website (background docs, projects, examples, etc.):

<http://ec.europa.eu/digital-agenda/en/collectiveawareness>

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Questions (for you 😊)

What do you think of this approach?

How can we improve it?

What would you like to see in future calls?